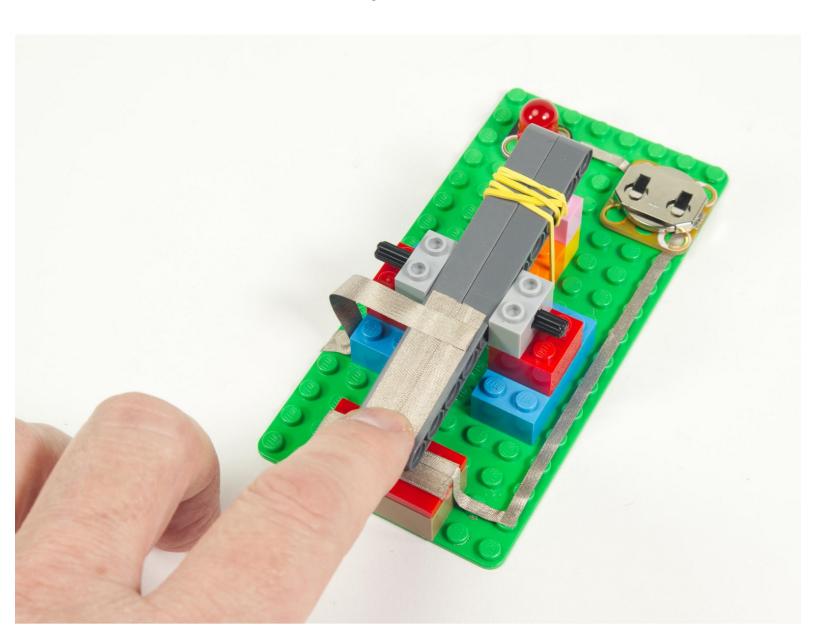


# **Telegraph Key Switch**

Build this Telegraph-style Key Switch with LEGO and Maker Tape!

Written By: Pete Prodoehl



#### **INTRODUCTION**

Build this Telegraph-style Key Switch with LEGO and Maker Tape!

You can use it for any circuit that needs a switch, and it works great with our Crazy Circuits parts including the Bit Board with micro:bit

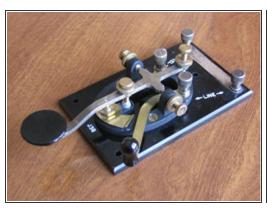


Scissors (1)

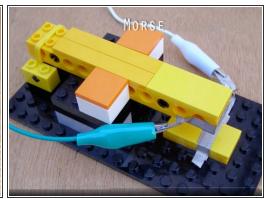


- Maker Tape (1)
- 1/8" & 1/4"
- LEGO Baseplate (1)
- Misc LEGO Parts (1)
- LEGO Beam 11 (32525 / 64290) (2)
- LEGO Brick 1 x 2 with Axle Hole (32064)(2)
- LEGO Tile 2 x 4 (87079) (1)
- LEGO Axle 6 (3706) (1)
- Rubber Bands (1)

## Step 1 — What is a Telegraph Key?







- A Telegraph Key is used for sending Morse code, and it's sometimes called a Morse Key. This
  isn't exactly a Telegraph Key but the design is similar enough that we're going to call it that.
- We were inspired to build our version after seeing the one that Martine Segers built.

#### Step 2 — Gather Materials



- We're going to use a few specific LEGO parts, but we'll also highlight some alternate parts you can use.
- Besides the normal bricks and baseplate we're using the following parts:
  - 2 x <u>LEGO Beam 11 (32525 / 64290)</u>
  - 2 x <u>LEGO Brick 1 x 2 with Axle</u> <u>Hole ('X' Opening) (32064)</u>
  - 1 x <u>LEGO Tile 2 x 4 (87079)</u>
  - 1 x LEGO Axle 6 (3706)
  - 1 x Rubber Band

## **Step 3** — **Alternate Parts**





- If you don't have any 1 x 2 bricks with axle holes you can instead use two <u>LEGO Brick 1 x 2 with Hole (3700)</u>.
- You'll also need some bushings to hold the axle in place. You can use the <u>LEGO Half Bushing</u> (32123 / 42136) or <u>LEGO Technic Bush 1/2 with Teeth Type 1 (4265)</u> or <u>LEGO Technic Bush 1/2 with Teeth Type 2 (4265)</u>.

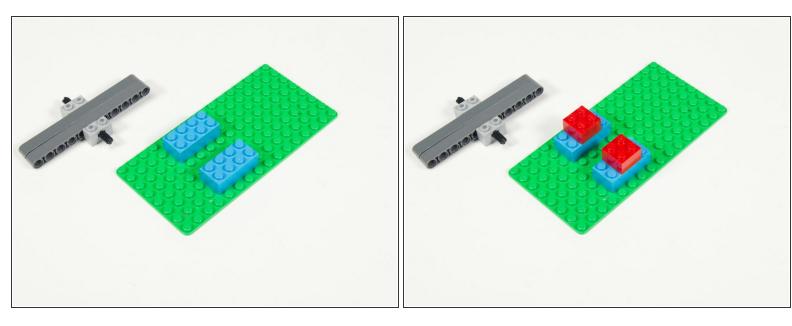
# Step 4 — Add Lever





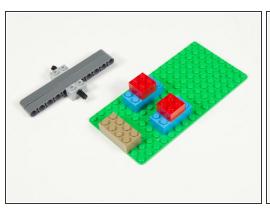
- We'll start by creating the lever.
- Place the axle through the two beams at the center with the two 1 x 2 bricks with axle holes on either side.

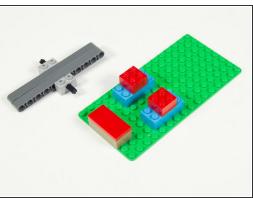
## Step 5 — Add Lever Support Bricks

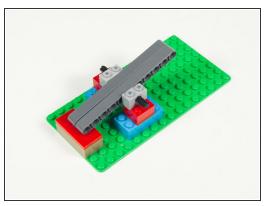


- Add two 2 x 4 bricks to a baseplate. (If using a small baseplate make note of the position so you can fit the whole mechanism.)
- Add two 2 x 2 bricks centered on top of the 2 x 4 bricks.
- This will serve as the support platform for the lever mechanism we've already assembled.

## Step 6 — Add Contact Brick

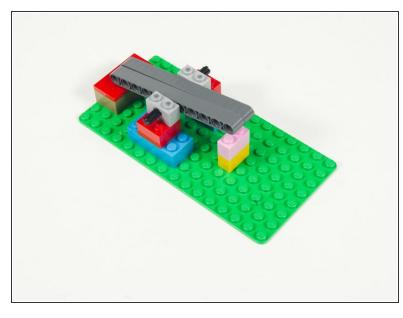


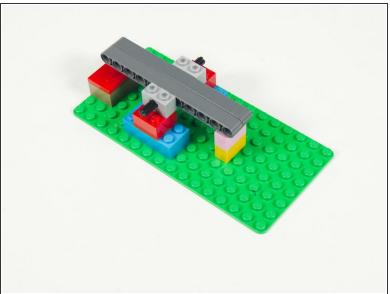




- Add a 2 x 4 brick to the baseplate.
- And then add a 2 x 4 flat tile on top of it.
- Check the positioning by placing the lever mechanism on the support bricks.
- The beams should touch the center of the flat tile.

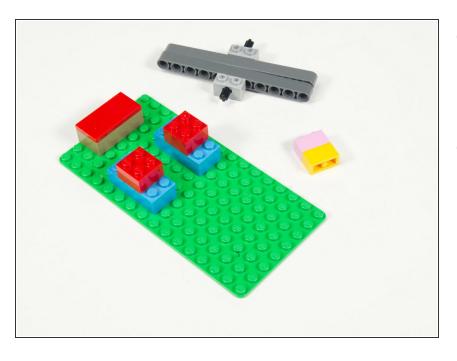
# **Step 7 — Add Stopper Bricks**





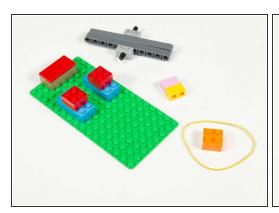
- Add two 1 x 2 bricks beneath the opposite end of the lever.
- Check that the beams of the lever touch down on top of the Stopper Bricks.

## **Step 8** — Remove Lever Mechanism



- We're going to temporarily remove the lever mechanism and the Stopper Bricks we added in the previous step.
- We'll add them back after we add the rubber band.

#### Step 9 — Add the Rubber Band



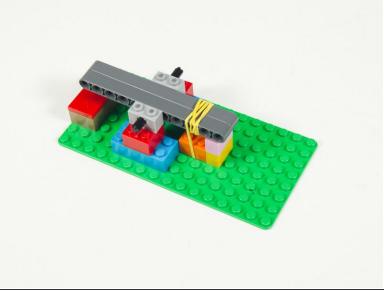




- Next we'll use our Rubber Band and a 2 x 2 brick to create our spring mechanism.
- Place the rubber band under the brick and then stick the brick down to the baseplate.
- Add the lever mechanism back in place.

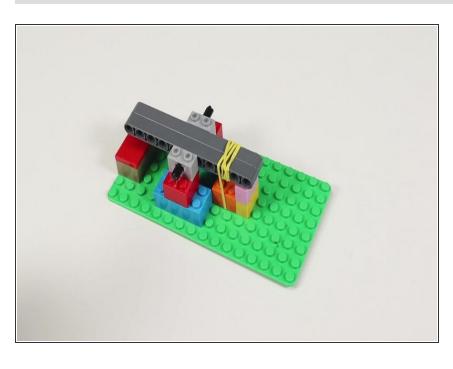
## Step 10 — Wrap the Rubber Band





- Wrap the Rubber Band around the beams so they get pulled down towards the brick.
- Add the **Stopper Bricks** back into place and test the lever movement.

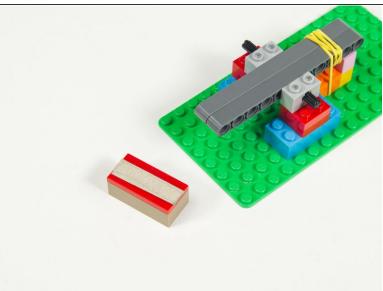
# **Step 11 — Test Lever Motion**



- With the full assembly complete you should be able to test the action of the lever.
- Do you get a good satisfying "click!" when pressed down? Does the lever spring back into place when released?
- If it's all good then we're ready to add conductivity to our switch.

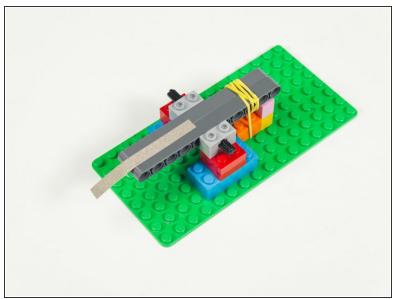
# **Step 12 — Add Maker Tape to Contact Brick**

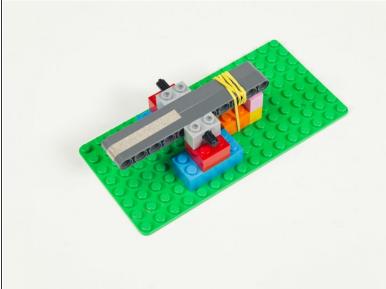




- Grab that roll of 1/4" Maker Tape!
- Remove the Contact Brick (the one with the flat tile) and add Maker Tape to it.
- Add a few pieces across the top as shown.
- Layering a few pieces right in the center will help the lever make better contact when pressed down.

## Step 13 — Add Maker Tape to Beams

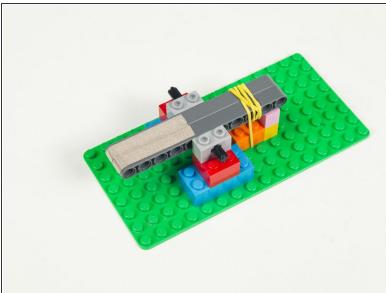




- Add a strip of Maker Tape down the center of the beams so it holds them together.
- Leave enough at the end so it can wrap underneath at least 1.5 centimeters.
- Reminder: If you cut a piece that is too short you can just add another piece and layer it on top. Maker Tape is conductive on the top and the bottom!

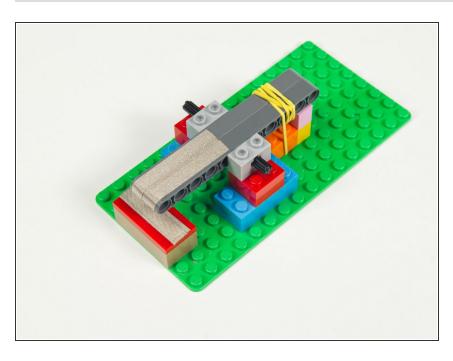
# **Step 14 — Add More Maker Tape**





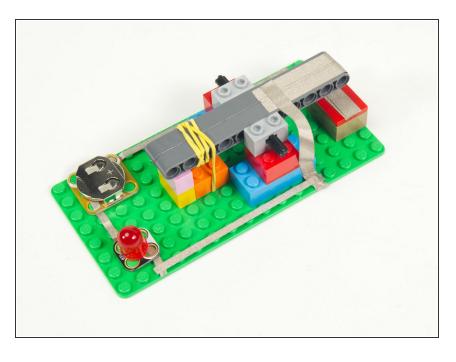
 Add two more strips of Maker Tape, again leaving enough at the end to wrap around to the bottom of the beams.

# **Step 15 — Add Contact Brick**



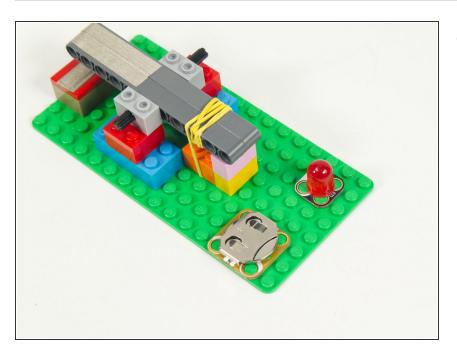
 With the Maker Tape applied you can put the Contact Brick back in place.

## Step 16 — Build a Circuit!



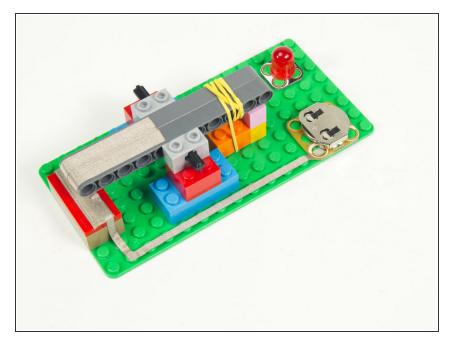
- Our switch is almost ready to use!
   We just need to add the electrical connections so we can use it in a circuit.
- We'll build a simple circuit with a Battery and an LED for our switch to control.

## Step 17 — Position Battery and LED



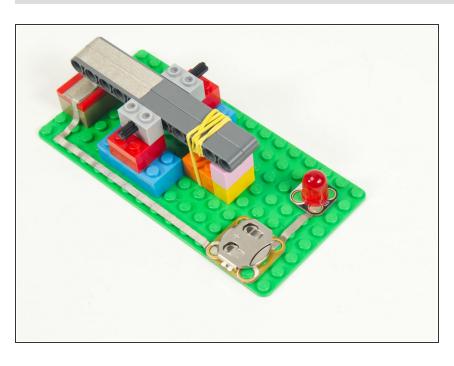
 We've got just enough room on our small baseplate to fit a Crazy Circuits Battery Holder and LED.

## Step 18 — Add 1/8" Maker Tape



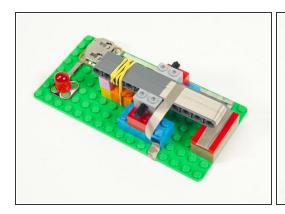
 Run a piece of 1/8" Maker Tape from the Contact Brick of the switch to the Negative side of the Battery Holder.

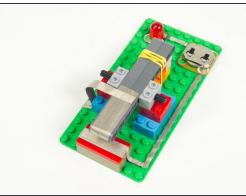
#### Step 19 — Connect Battery to LED

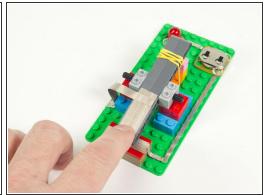


- Add a piece of Maker Tape between the **Positive** side of the **Battery Holder** and the **Positive** side of the **LED**.

#### Step 20 — Add 1/4" Maker Tape

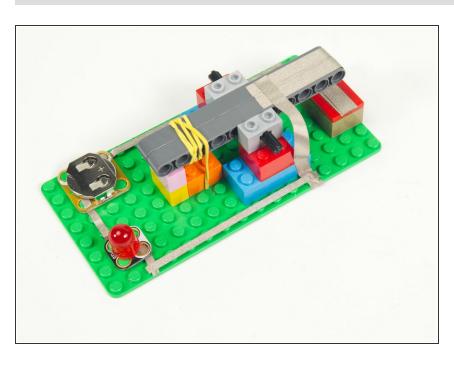






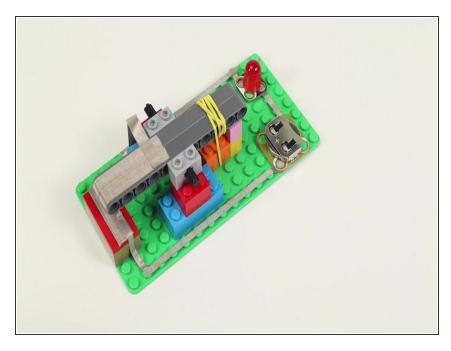
- In <u>Step 18</u> we added Maker Tape that connected to the **Contact Brick**, so now we need to add Maker Tape that will connect to the lever side of the switch.
- Maker Tape is flexible (a great quality) so we'll use a strip that runs from the Maker Tape on the top of the lever beams down to the baseplate.
- Make sure there's some slack so the lever can still move freely.
- If you have issues with the middle of the Maker Tape sticking to anything you can always use a piece with most of the backing still in place.

#### Step 21 — Connect the LED



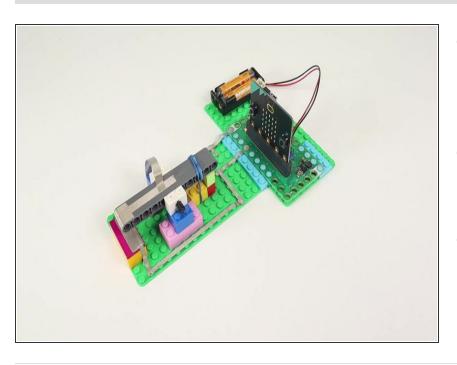
 The final connection! We just need to add some 1/8" Maker Tape to connect the Negative side of the LED to the 1/4" Maker Tape we added in the previous step.

## Step 22 — Test it Out!



- With our circuit complete, it's ready for testing!
- Press that lever down! Did the LED light up? If not, recheck the previous steps to make sure you didn't miss anything.
- Make sure you're using a fresh battery as well!

#### Step 23 — Take it Further



- We connected our Telegraph
   Switch to our Bit Board and
   programmed the micro:bit to make
   beeps... Yes, it's Morse Code!
- What else could you use this lever switch for? Perhaps a piano with multiple keys/switches/notes?
- Make something awesome with your switch!